



GaAs pHEMT MMIC LOW NOISE AMPLIFIER, 5 - 10 GHz

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AMPLIFIERS - LOW NOISE - SMT

Typical Applications

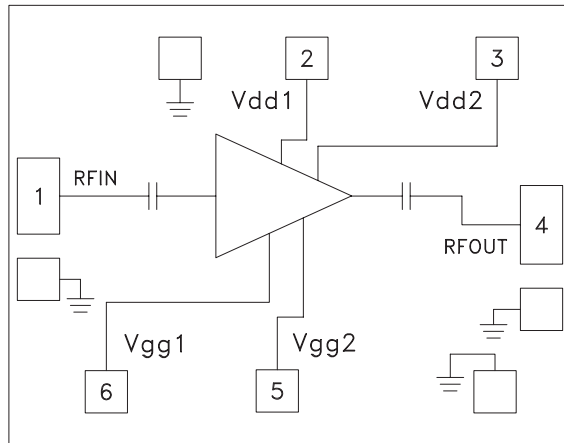
This HMC902 is ideal for:

- Point-to-Point Radios
- Point-to-Multi-Point Radios
- Military & Space
- Test Instrumentation
- ISM, UNII & WCS

Features

Noise Figure: 1.6 dB
 Gain: 20 dB
 P1dB Output Power: 16 dBm
 Supply Voltage: +3.5 V @ 80 mA
 Output IP3: 28 dBm
 50 Ohm matched Input/Output
 Die Size: 1.33 x 1.04 x 0.1 mm

Functional Diagram



General Description

The HMC902 is a GaAs MMIC Low Noise Amplifier, which operates between 5 and 10 GHz. This self-biased LNA provides 20 dB of small signal gain, 1.6 dB noise figure, and output IP3 of +28 dBm, while requiring only 80 mA from a +3.5V supply. The P1dB output power of 16 dBm enables the LNA to function as a LO driver for balanced, I/Q or image reject mixers. The HMC902 also features I/Os that are DC blocked and internally matched to 50 Ohms for ease of integration into multi-chip-modules (MCMs). All data is taken with the chip in a 50 Ohm test fixture connected via 0.025 mm (1 mil) diameter with bonds of 0.31 mm (12 mils) length.

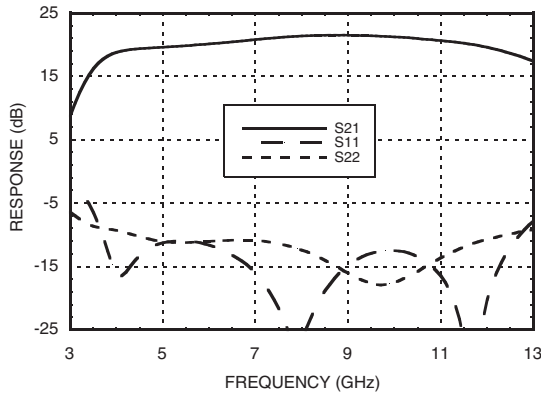
Electrical Specifications, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{dd1} = V_{dd2} = +3.5\text{V}$, $I_{dd} = 80\text{mA}$ [1]

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Frequency Range		5 - 10		GHz
Gain	17	20		dB
Gain Variation over Temperature		0.01		dB / °C
Noise Figure		1.6	2.1	dB
Input Return Loss		12		dB
Output Return Loss		15		dB
Output Power for 1 dB Compression		16		dBm
Saturated Output Power (P _{sat})		17.5		dBm
Output Third Order Intercept (IP3)		28		dBm
Supply Current (I _{dd}) (V _{dd} = 3.5V, set V _{gg2} = 0V, V _{gg1} = 0V Typ.)		80		mA

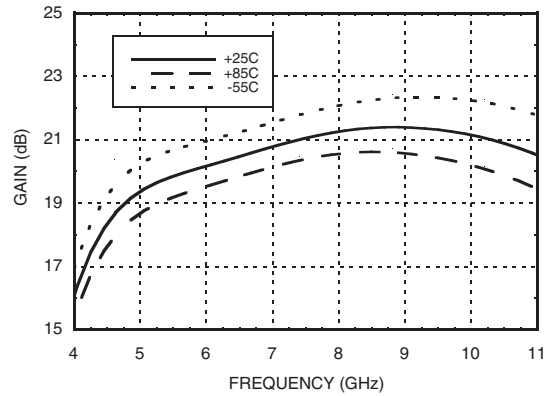
[1] V_{gg1} = V_{gg2} = 0V for normal, self-biased operation.

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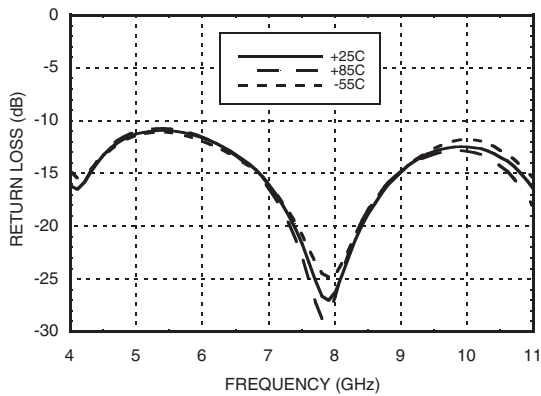
Broadband Gain & Return Loss



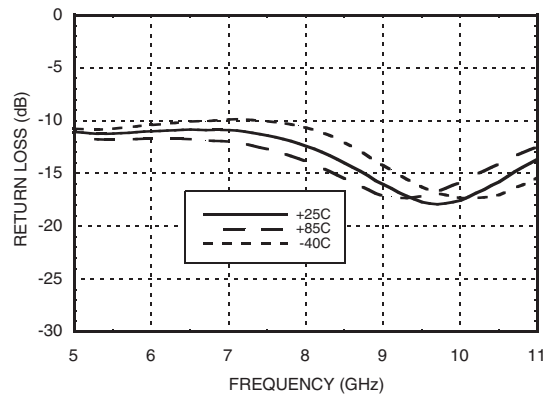
Gain vs. Temperature



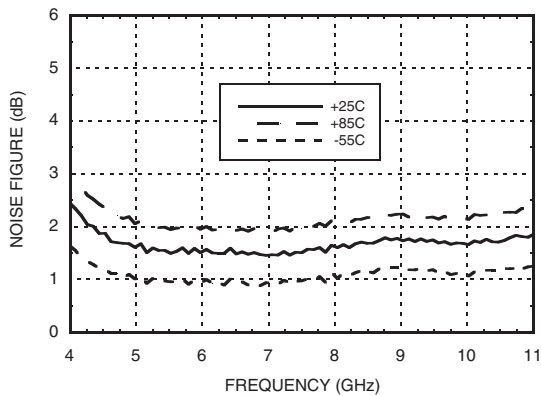
Input Return Loss vs. Temperature



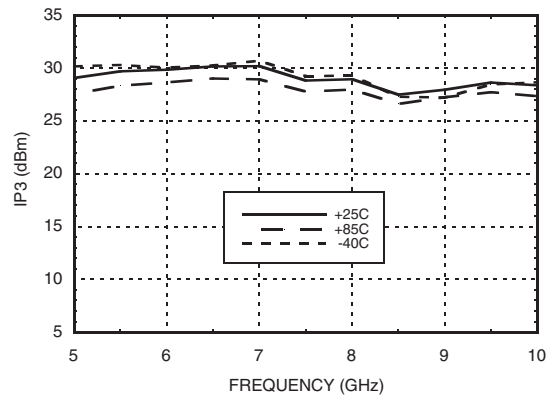
Output Return Loss vs. Temperature



Noise Figure vs. Temperature



Output IP3 vs. Temperature



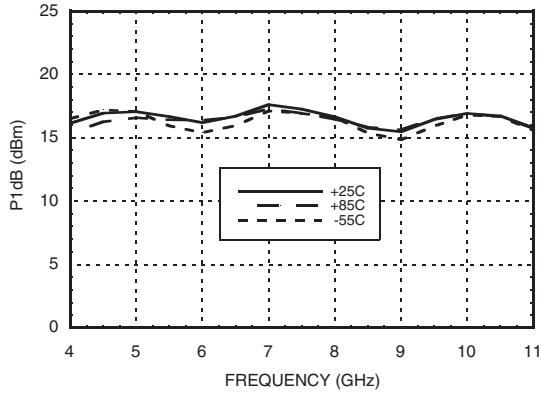


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AMPLIFIER, 5 - 10 GHz**

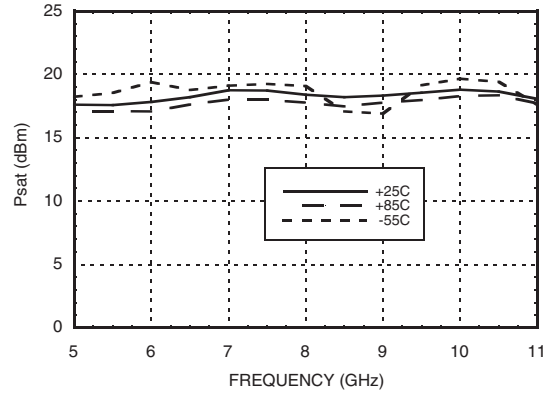
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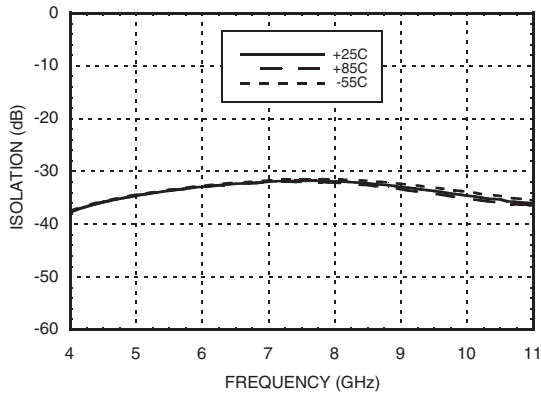
P1dB vs. Temperature [1]



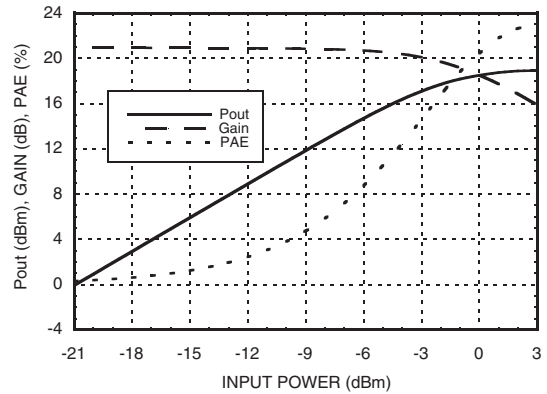
Psat vs. Temperature [1]



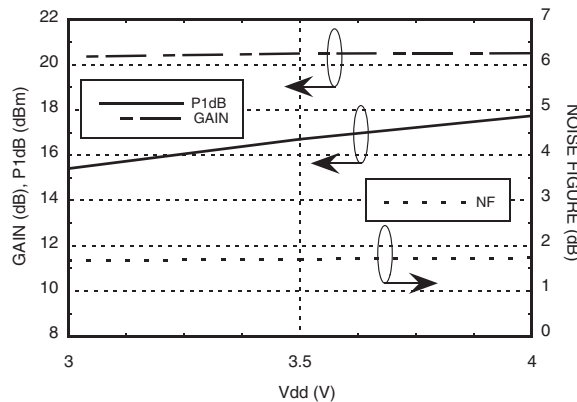
Reverse Isolation vs. Temperature



Power Compression @ 7 GHz



**Gain, Noise Figure & Power vs.
Supply Voltage @ 7 GHz**



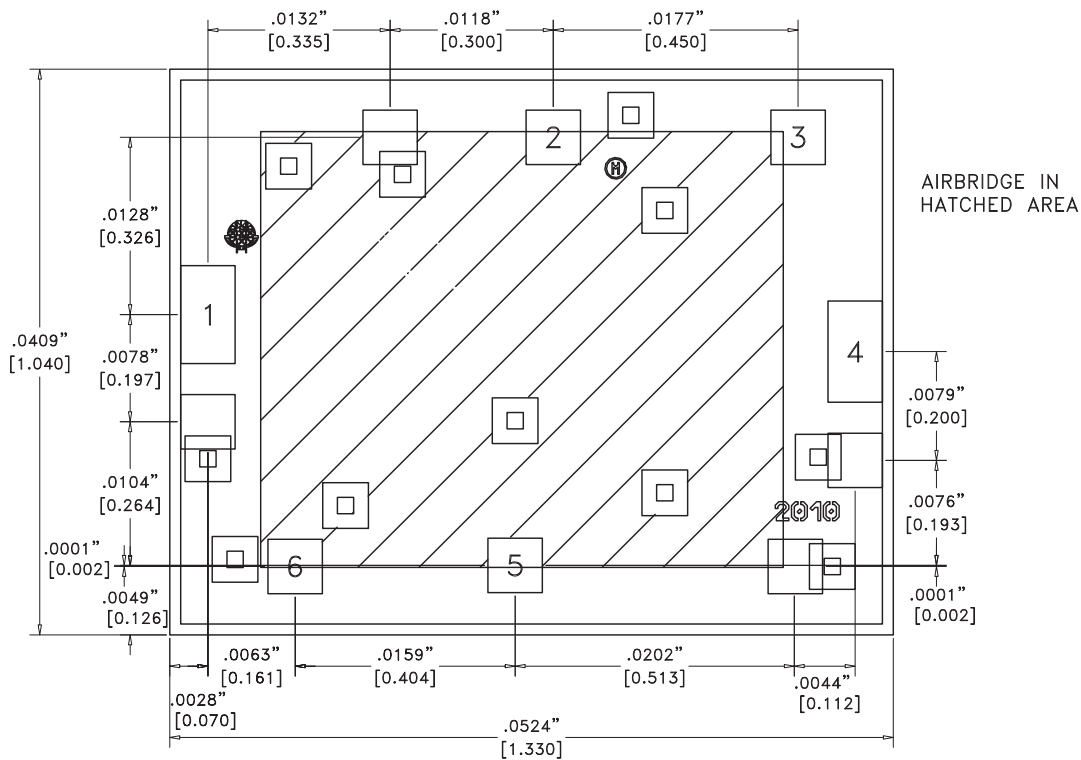
Absolute Maximum Ratings

Drain Bias Voltage	+4.5V
RF Input Power	+10 dBm
Gate Bias Voltage, V _{gg1}	-0.8V to +0.2V
Gate Bias Voltage, V _{gg2}	-0.8V to +0.2V
Channel Temperature	175 °C
Continuous P _{diss} (T = 85 °C) (derate 7 mW/°C above 85 °C)	0.63 W
Thermal Resistance (Channel to die bottom)	143.8 °C/W
Storage Temperature	-65 to +150 °C
Operating Temperature	-40 to +85 °C



**ELECTROSTATIC SENSITIVE DEVICE
OBSERVE HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

Outline Drawing



This die utilizes fragile air bridges. Any pick-up tools used must not contact the die in the cross hatched area.

Die Packaging Information ^[1]

Standard	Alternate
GP-2 (Gel Pack)	[2]

[1] Refer to the "Packaging Information" section for die packaging dimensions.

[2] For alternate packaging information contact Hittite Microwave Corporation.

NOTES:

1. ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS]
2. DIE THICKNESS IS 0.004 (0.100)
3. TYPICAL BOND PAD IS 0.004 (0.100) SQUARE
4. BOND PAD METALLIZATION: GOLD
5. BACKSIDE METALLIZATION: GOLD
6. BACKSIDE METAL IS GROUND
7. NO CONNECTION REQUIRED FOR UNLABELED BOND PADS
8. OVERALL DIE SIZE IS ±.002



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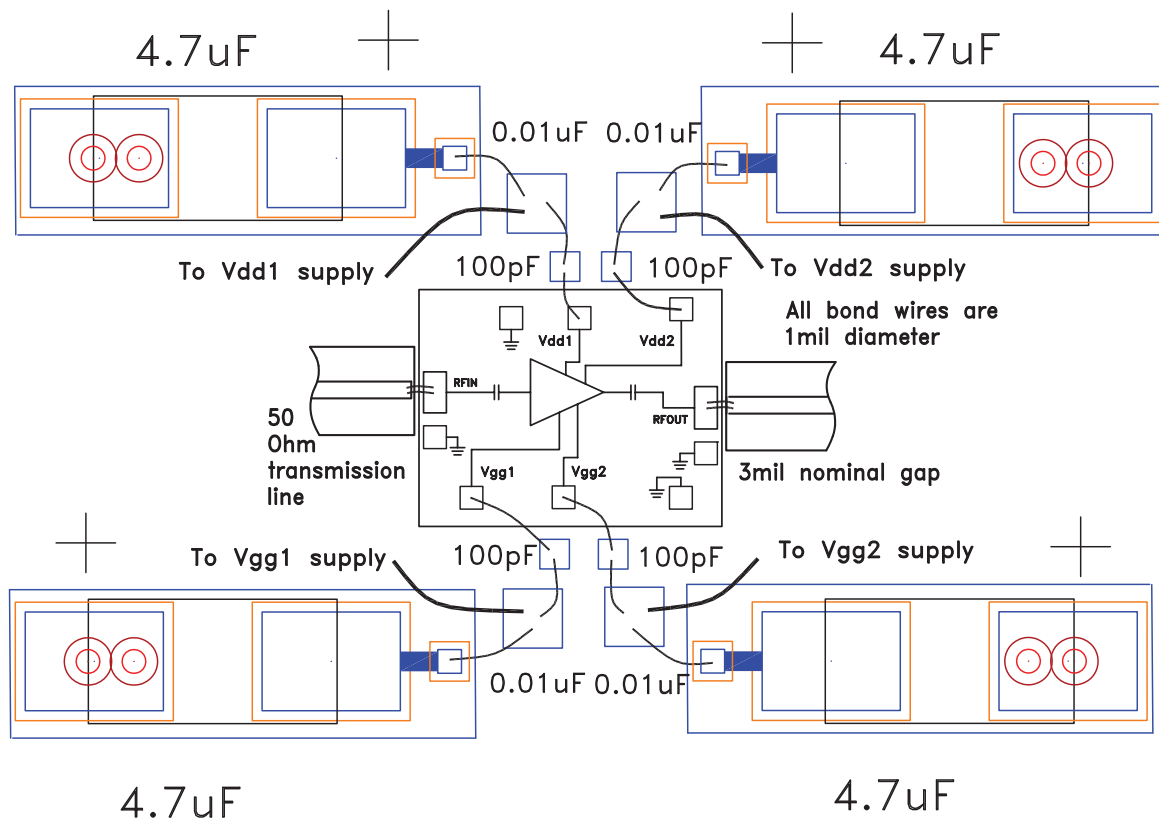
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Pad Descriptions

Pad Number	Function	Description	Interface Schematic
1	RFIN	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms	
2, 3	Vdd2, Vdd1	Power supply voltage for the amplifier see assembly for required external components.	
4	RFOUT	This pin is AC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms	
5, 6	Vgg1, Vgg2	Optional gate control for amplifier. If left open, the amplifier will run at standard current. Negative voltage applied will reduce current.	
Die Bottom	GND	Die bottom must be connected to RF/DC ground.	

Assembly Diagram



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Mounting & Bonding Techniques for Millimeterwave GaAs MMICs

The die should be attached directly to the ground plane eutectically or with conductive epoxy (see HMC general Handling, Mounting, Bonding Note).

50 Ohm Microstrip transmission lines on 0.127mm (5 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates are recommended for bringing RF to and from the chip (Figure 1). If 0.254mm (10 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates must be used, the die should be raised 0.150mm (6 mils) so that the surface of the die is coplanar with the surface of the substrate. One way to accomplish this is to attach the 0.102mm (4 mil) thick die to a 0.150mm (6 mil) thick molybdenum heat spreader (moly-tab) which is then attached to the ground plane (Figure 2).

Microstrip substrates should be placed as close to the die as possible in order to minimize bond wire length. Typical die-to-substrate spacing is 0.076mm to 0.152 mm (3 to 6 mils).

Handling Precautions

Follow these precautions to avoid permanent damage.

Storage: All bare die are placed in either Waffle or Gel based ESD protective containers, and then sealed in an ESD protective bag for shipment. Once the sealed ESD protective bag has been opened, all die should be stored in a dry nitrogen environment.

Cleanliness: Handle the chips in a clean environment. DO NOT attempt to clean the chip using liquid cleaning systems.

Static Sensitivity: Follow ESD precautions to protect against ESD strikes.

Transients: Suppress instrument and bias supply transients while bias is applied. Use shielded signal and bias cables to minimize inductive pick-up.

General Handling: Handle the chip along the edges with a vacuum collet or with a sharp pair of bent tweezers. The surface of the chip has fragile air bridges and should not be touched with vacuum collet, tweezers, or fingers.

Mounting

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with AuSn eutectic preforms or with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat.

Eutectic Die Attach: A 80/20 gold tin preform is recommended with a work surface temperature of 255 °C and a tool temperature of 265 °C. When hot 90/10 nitrogen/hydrogen gas is applied, tool tip temperature should be 290 °C. DO NOT expose the chip to a temperature greater than 320 °C for more than 20 seconds. No more than 3 seconds of scrubbing should be required for attachment.

Epoxy Die Attach: Apply a minimum amount of epoxy to the mounting surface so that a thin epoxy fillet is observed around the perimeter of the chip once it is placed into position. Cure epoxy per the manufacturer's schedule.

Wire Bonding

RF bonds made with two 1 mil wires are recommended. These bonds should be thermosonically bonded with a force of 40-60 grams. DC bonds of 0.001" (0.025 mm) diameter, thermosonically bonded, are recommended. Ball bonds should be made with a force of 40-50 grams and wedge bonds at 18-22 grams. All bonds should be made with a nominal stage temperature of 150 °C. A minimum amount of ultrasonic energy should be applied to achieve reliable bonds. All bonds should be as short as possible, less than 12 mils (0.31 mm).

